Purple-backed Fairy-wren *Malurus assimilis* Species No.: 537, but for ABBBS records use CAVS subspecies codes as shown below Band size: 01 AY



Status:

Separated from Variegated Fairy-wren *Malurus lamberti* in 2018. Four subspecies are recognised within *M. assimilis*, but only *M.a. assimilis* and *M.a. bernieri* (Bernier and Dorre Islands near Shark Bay WA) are dealt with in this species profile sheet – for the remaining two subspecies *M.a. dulcis, and M.a. rogersi* see the profile sheet for the Lavender-flanked Fairy-wren.

Morphometrics:

•	nominate <i>M.a. assimilis</i> (mainland Aust – CAVS code 9989)		ssp. <i>M.a. bernieri</i> (Bernier & Dorre Islands - CAVS code 8132)	
	Adult Male	Adult Female	Adult Male	Adult Female
Wing:	43 – 51 mm	45 – 48 mm	46 – 47 mm	45 (one record)
Tail:	61 – 77 mm	61 – 76 mm	63 – 70 mm	70 (one record)
THL:	27.4 – 28.3 mm	28.0 (one record)		
Bill:	9.7 – 13.7 mm	10.6 – 12.7 mm	11.9 – 13.5 mm	11.5 – 13.0 mm
	19.4 – 23.0 mm	18.7 – 22.7mm	20.7 – 22.4 mm	20.5 – 21.5 mm
Weight:	6.0 – 10.0 g	6.9 – 9.0 g		

Ageing:

- fairy-wrens moult all body feathers twice every year;
- male "breeding" plumage is first attained at approximately one year old, but then males moult back to "brown" plumage for their second Autumn / Winter, before again moulting to "breeding" plumage in late Winter / early Spring;
- males moult through successive breeding plumages from their third year;
- males in brown plumage in Winter will be either (1) or (2-);
- males in breeding plumage in mid-Winter are thus aged (3+).

Sexing:

- post-juvenile moult results in identifiable male and female immatures based on bill colour males grey/black and females orange/rufous;
- males attain black bill, lores and eye-ring within about six months of fledging;
- female does all incubation, so females with an active brood patch will be at least in their second year (2+).