CORELLA

Volume 40 Number 2

June 2016



Journal of The Australian Bird Study Association

SEABIRD ISLANDS

No. 267

Suomi Island, Easter Group, Houtman Abrolhos, Western Australia

Location: 28°42'46"S, 113°50'18"E; 73 kilometres west of Geraldton, Western Australia. Located 5.3 kilometres east of Rat Island, the largest of the islands in the Easter Group of the Houtman Abrolhos.

Status: Houtman Abrolhos Islands Reserve No. A20253, vested under the Land Act 1933 (WA) with the Minister for Fisheries for conservation of flora and fauna, tourism and for purposes associated with the fishing industry.

Description: Suomi Island has an area of 20 hectares. It is 2500 metres long by 100 metres wide and two metres above MHWS. The geological composition of the island is a composite island structure¹. The island is comprised of aeolian limestone platform reef overlain by storm cast coral shingle, with areas of concreted coral framestone along the western shore. There are two tidal ponds on the island.

Several narrow rubble beaches along the western shore are broken by low cemented coral limestone cliffs. Along the eastern (seaward) shoreline the coast is comprised wholly of coral rubble and shingle storm-cast ridges.

The island is dominated by low salt-tolerant shrubs and succulents and forbs². Sandy areas support *Atriplex cinerea*, *Myoprum insulare* and *Threlkeldia diffusa* dwarf shrubs. Elsewhere, *Halosarcia halocnemoides* dominates. There are three small stands of the mangrove *Avicennia marina*, the largest surrounding a tidal pond. Of the 18 plants recorded, 5 (28%) are exotic².

Landing: On to the north point of the island by dinghy from a deep-water channel leading from Eastern Passage.

Ornithological History: Most visits by ornithologists have been brief, and restricted to the vicinity of the landing site. We visited the island in August 2001, November 1987 and 2007, December 1999, 2006 and 2008, January 2000 and April, July and October 2014. Seabird nesting colonies were mapped using aerial photography extensively between 2006 and 2008. R. E Johnstone visited in October 1981 and August 1983 and K. Coates visited on numerous occasions between 1989 and 2006. The first extensive surveys were conducted by A. Burbidge and P. Fuller during their island-wide surveys during the summers of 1981, 1991, 1995, 1996 and 1999.

Breeding Seabirds and Status

Pandion cristatus Eastern Osprey – Three nests, one active in 1992 with large young³; one active but empty in December 2006. Three fledglings observed in nest at north end of island in November 2008⁴.

Haliaeetus leucogaster White-bellied Sea-Eagle – One recently used nest adjacent to mangroves was empty in December 2006.

Larus pacificus Pacific Gull – Two pairs nested on high ground above high water mark and constructed nests of woven brown algae, principally *Ecklonia radiata*, *Sargassum distichum* and *Cystoseira trinodis*. Nest sites were occasionally reused, or new nests were constructed close (<3m) to old sites. Eggs are usually

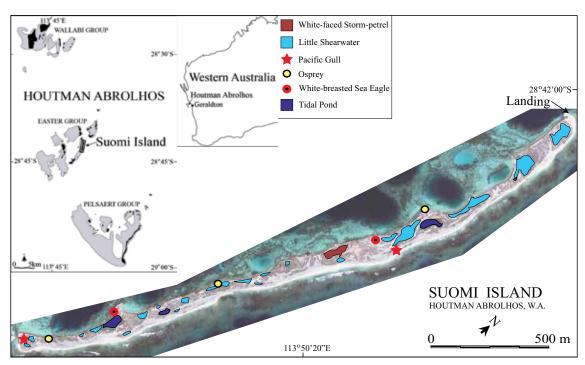


Figure 1. Suomi Island, Houtman Abrolhos, Western Australia.



Figure 2. Aerial photograph of Suomi Island looking south.

laid in August and young fledged by late November or early December. In December 2006 adults were attending fledglings.

Chroicocephalus novaehollandiae Silver Gull – Although a single nest was found by Burbidge and Fuller⁵ in 1999, only roosting adults were recorded in 2006 and 2007. It is possible the nests of this species were missed or that nesting occurs at other times of the year.

Puffinus assimilis Little Shearwater – We estimated 1343 burrows in 2006⁴, although the breeding population would have been somewhat lower than the total burrow count due to a significant proportion of burrows that remain unused. The density of burrows from ten randomly selected 5m x 5m quadrats averaged 0.1/m², (range 0.01-0.20/m²). By the time of our visit in December 2006 and 2008 burrows were deserted. Nests occurred in deeper sandy areas of the island dominated by sparse Atriplex cinerea / Myoprum insulare / Threkeldia diffusa dwarf shrubs.

Pelagodroma marina White-faced Storm-Petrel – Approximately 1500 burrows were recorded in in December 2006⁴. Burrow density from ten randomly selected 5m x 5m quadrats averaged 0.53/m² (range 0.40-0.72 m²). A single area of sandy soil with occasional, low *Atriplex cinerea* appeared to be the only rookery on Suomi Island for this species. In December

2006 adults were incubating eggs.

Onychoprion anaethetus Bridled Tern – In some years estimates of up to 1000 pairs (1991)⁶ of this species were recorded but none in other years (1999)⁵. In December 2006, a total of 219 nest sites were estimated⁴. Bridled Terns nested across all areas of the island, favouring Nitraria billardierei bushes among broken, cemented coral framestone shore cliffs fringing the western shoreline, as well as along the fringes of stands of the mangrove Avicennia marina.

Onychoprion fuscata Sooty Tern – Highly variable breeding numbers depending upon year. Up to 3000–5000 pairs were reported in 1991 by Burbidge and Fuller⁶, but only 500–1000 in 1995⁵. Breeding at the northern end of the island in December 1992 was reported by Coates³. No Sooty Terns were recorded in the intervening years from 1996–2008^{5,4}. In October 1981 approximately 100 were observed displaying over Suomi Island⁷. Similarly to Leo's Island⁸, no Sooty Terns nested on Suomi Island in 2012 or 2013 as the population seems to have dispersed to Rat Island.

Factors Affecting Status

The island is visited infrequently due to the difficulty in landing; the island being surrounded by shallow reefs. However,

driftwood for saunas was collected regularly from the island by rock lobster fishermen in the past.

Australian Sea-lions *Neophoca cinerea* use some near shore sandy areas and stands of mangroves as haulouts. Where burrows occur in sandy areas, sea-lion activity often collapses Little Shearwater burrows.

Like other islands in the Houtman Abrolhos, there are several introduced weed species, including: Wild Oats *Avena fatua*, the Medic Burr *Medicago polymorpha* and Wild Radish *Raphanus sativus*. Establishment of weed species in sandy areas is likely to lead to vegetation change, reduction in root biomass and increased potential for erosion of sands used by burrowing seabirds.

Other Seabirds Recorded

Phalacrocorax varius Pied Cormorants – Roosting occurred

at times along the western shore.

Haematopus longirostris Australian Pied Oystercatcher - No

nests were located but a pair of this

species was observed.

Sternula nereis Fairy Tern - Pairs were observed

roosting along the eastern coral ridges. It is likely this species has

nested here previously.

Sterna dougallii Roseate Tern - Flocks of birds

roosted along the eastern shoreline.

Hydroprogne caspia Caspian Tern – Observed roosting³.

Egretta sacra Eastern Reef Egret – A pair of birds

was observed in mangroves adjacent one of the tidal ponds. Quite possible this species nests under cover here.

Thalasseus bergii Crested Tern – Observed roosting.³

Other Vertebrates Recorded

Silvereye Zosterops lateralis

Red-capped Plover Charadrius ruficapillus

Grey Plover Pluvialis squatarola

Red-necked Stint Calidris ruficollis

Ruddy Turnstone Arenaria interpres

Grey-tailed Tattler Tringa brevipes

Welcome Swallow Hirundo neoxena

Bar-tailed Godwit Limosa lapponica

Banding

Puffinus assimilis – 28 nestlings (23 August 1970)

Bibliography

- Collins, L. B., Wyrwoll, K-H., and France, R. E. (1991). The Abrolhos carbonate platforms: geological evolution and Leeuwin Current activity. *Journal of the Royal Society of WA*. 74: 47–57.
- 2. Harvey, J. M., Alford, J. J., Longman, V. M. and Keighery, G. J. (2001). A flora and vegetation survey of the islands of the Houtman Abrolhos, Western Australia. *CALMScience* **3**: 521–623.
- Coates, K. (2005). Houtman Abrolhos Island Bird Sightings 1987– 2005. Unpublished manuscript. 12Pp.
- Surman, C. A. and Nicholson, L. W. (2009). A survey of the breeding seabirds and migratory shorebirds of the Houtman Abrolhos. Western Australia. Corella 33: 81–98.
- Burbidge, A. A. and Fuller, P. J. (2004). Numbers of non-burrowing breeding seabirds of the Houtman Abrolhos: 1991–1993 and 1999. Corella 28: 96–103.
- Fuller, P. J., Burbidge, A. A. and Owens, R. (1994). Breeding Seabirds of the Houtman Abrolhos, Western Australia. *Corella* 18: 97–113.
- Storr, G. M, Johnstone, R. E. and Griffin, P. (1986). Birds of the Houtman Abrolhos, Western Australia. Rec. W.A. Mus. 24: 1–42.
- Surman, C. A. and Nicholson, L. W. (2014). Seabird Islands No. 265: Leo's Island, Houtman Abrolhos, Western Australia. *Corella* 40: 17-19.

Acknowledgements

We thank Shae Surman, Ray Surman, Anthony Desmond, Gavin Lacey, J. N. Dunlop and Greg Finlay for assistance with seabird surveys. The Department of Fisheries, Chimere Pearls and Latitude Pearls kindly provided transport and accommodation during some of our stays at the islands. The Department of Parks and Wildlife (formerly Department of Environment and Conservation) supported the original surveys conducted in 2006–2008.

Date compiled: December 2014

C. A. Surman and L. W. Nicholson, Halfmoon Biosciences, 45 Heather Rd, Ocean Beach, Western Australia 6333.

Email: halfmoon.biosciences@westnet.com.au

CORELLA

Volume 40 Number 2

June 2016

Importance of 'pre-adaptation', consumer opportunism and limited interference competition	
in facilitating urban living by exotic Common Mynas	25
Diet of the Satin Bowerbird Ptilonorhynchus violaceus in the Illawarra Region, New South Wales,	
Australia	36
Seabird Island	
No. 267. Suomi Island, Easter Group, Houtman Abrolhos, Western Australia	43
Abstracts: ABSA Conference, Yarramundi Conference Centre, 2016	46
Book Reviews	
Where Song Began: Australia's Birds and How They Changed the World	50
Birds & Animals of Australia's Top End. Darwin, Kakadu, Katherine, and Kununurra	51
Recovery Round-up	52