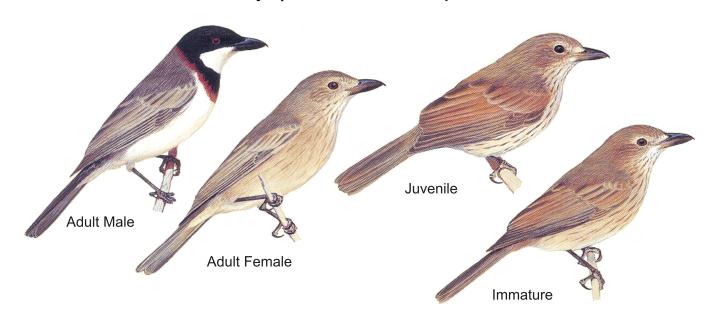
White-breasted Whistler Pachycephala Ianioides Species No.: 404 Band size: 04



Morphometrics:

Three subspecies: nominate *P.I. lanoides* (coastal Kimberley Div, WA); ssp. *P.I. carnarvoni* (coastal n-w WA between Carnarvon and C. Keraudren): *P.I. fretorum* (Cambridge Gulf WA and coastal NT to western Cape York, Qld); Measurements below are for the nominate, but little variation has been recorded for the sub-species.

| | Adult Male (3+) | Adult Female (3+) |
|---------|-----------------|-------------------|
| THL: | 47.5 – 51.2 mm | 46.8 – 48.2 mm |
| Wing: | 98 – 103 mm | 94 – 101 mm |
| Tail: | 73 – 87 mm | 72 – 85 mm |
| Weight: | 40.5 – 47.5 g | 36.5 – 43.0 g |

Ageing:

Juveniles are readily distinguished by the prominence of rufous, particularly in wings & upperparts; Immatures – retain rufous edges to wing coverts and outer edges of secondaries into their second year – so age them either (1) or (2-) depending on time of year related to breeding season; Brown female-plumaged birds with no traces of rufous in their wings, back, crown or throat will be late into their second year or older – so should be aged (2+);

Adult females cannot be reliably separated from immature males.

Adult male (3+) – achieves adult plumage in third year coinciding with post-breeding season moult.

Sexing:

Adult male (3+) by plumage;

Adult female (3+) only by presence of brood patch in breeding season; Juveniles and Immatures cannot be sexed on plumage or morphometrics; Both sexes are said to incubate.