

Immatures usually retain all or some juvenile primaries, secondaries and rectrices and longest feather of alula until post-breeding moult period early in their second year;

Thus immatures identifiable in late Winter/early spring with worn juvenile feathers as above will be Aged (2-) and adults (2+).

Sexing :

No differences in plumage, and no usable measurement data to separate the sexes. Not known whether incubation is by both sexes, but like other small honeyeaters, probably only the female incubates.