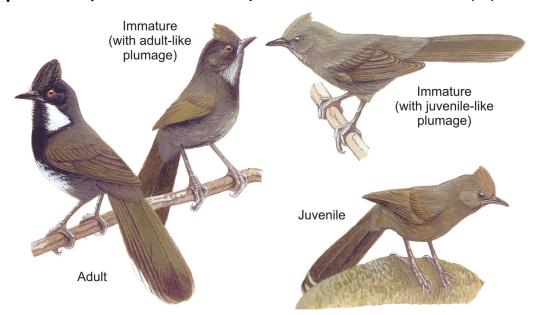
Eastern Whipbird Psophodes olivaceus Species No.: 421 Band size: 06 (05) IN



Morphometrics:

Two subspecies:

| | nominate <i>P.o. olivaceus</i> | | ssp. <i>P.o. laterali</i> s | |
|---------|--------------------------------|----------------|-----------------------------|----------------|
| | (e. & se. Qld, NSW & Vic) | | (ne. Qld) | |
| | Adult Male | Adult Female | Adult Male | Adult Female |
| THL: | 44.4 – 49.2 | 2 mm | | |
| Bill: | 20.9 – 26.2 mm | 19.1 – 25.4 mm | 24.1 – 27.0 mm | 21.1 – 25.7 mm |
| Wing: | 94 – 107 mm | 87 – 99 mm | 96 – 101 mm | 85 – 94 mm |
| Tail: | 136 – 159 mm | 112 - 147 mm | 120 – 132 mm | 109 – 120 mm |
| Tarsus: | 30.6 – 36.0 mm | 29.0 – 33.4 mm | 31.1 – 31.6 mm | 30.5 – 32.3 mm |
| Weight: | 60 – 77 g | 47.5 – 64 g | 59.0 – 73.4 g | 39.0 – 58.5 g |

Ageing:

| g: | | |
|--------------------------------|---|--|
| | Adult (2+) | Juvenile |
| Bill: | black (sometimes with dark brown tip; | dark grey with dull yellowish tomia & pinkish-brown tinge to lower mandible; |
| Gape: | pale yellow; | dull yellow; |
| Iris: | red-brown; | dark brown or brownish-black; |
| Forehead & crown: | black or black-brown with blackish crest; | uniformly dark olive-brownish; |
| Mantle, scapulars back & rump: | dark olive or dull greyish-olive merging with darker & greyer hindneck; | greyish-olive with faint brownish tinge on centre of back and rump; |
| Breast & throat: | black, tinged greyish olive | brownish; |
| Belly & flanks: | olive-brown with distinct black & white mottling in centre of belly; | grey with faint brown tinge; |
| Tip of tail: | rounded with white tip to both Inner and outer vanes; | narrow and pointed with small white tip outer vane only; |

Immatures closely resemble adults but retain juvenile remiges, greater primary coverts and rectrices often with synchronous growth fault-bars.

Adult plumage attained simultaneously with adult post-breeding moult in their second year.

Sexing:

There is no sexual dimorphism in plumage, though males are slightly larger than females; THL measurements may be useful to separate sexes; Female only incubates.