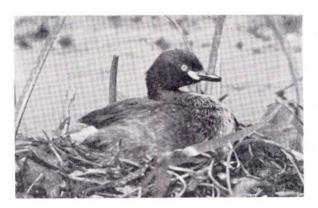
THE SMALL GREBES



• Little Grebe on nest.

Photo: A. J. Elliott



• Hoary-headed Grebe at nest.

Photo: C. E. Bryant

The Small Grebes Podiceps spp.

The Little Grebe *Podiceps ruficollis* and the Hoary-headed Grebe *P. poliocephalus* are readily distinguished in breeding plumage. However, separation is more difficult during the winter

when the birds are in non-breeding plumage. The following characters help distinguish these birds in the hand.

LITTLE GREBE

Podiceps ruficollis

Neck: Some rufous or buff from behind eye and down the side of the neck.

Sides of face: Line of dark crown feathers passes through centre of the eye.

Crown: Uniformly dark brown; no white streaks.

Bill: Nostrils with rounded ends.

Feathered borderline between forehead and culmen: Convex.

HOARY-HEADED GREBE

Podiceps poliocephalus

Neck: Sides white; no rufous or buff.

Sides of face: Line of dark crown feathers passes just below eye.

Crown: Dark brown, often with some white streaks on forehead and sides due to developing breeding plumes.

Bill: Nostrils with pointed ends.

Feathered borderline between forehead and culmen: Concave, with ends pointing towards nasal groove.

DIAGNOSTIC CHARACTERS

Shape of the nostrils and the feathered borderline between forehead and culmen appear to be diagnostic at all ages.

Lateral view Dorsal view Nostril shape (enlarged) Hoary-headed Grebe

Little Grebe

• Figure 1. The main diagnostic characters are illustrated. The feathered borderline between forehead and culmen is indicated by arrows.

Drawings by F. Knight